# House File 2430 - Introduced

HOUSE FILE 2430
BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY

(SUCCESSOR TO HF 2156)

# A BILL FOR

- 1 An Act relating to the employment of unauthorized aliens and
- providing penalties.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA:

- 1 Section 1. NEW SECTION. 93.1 Definitions.
- 2 As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise
- 3 requires:
- 4 1. "Agency" means an agency, department, board, or
- 5 commission of this state or a political subdivision that issues
- 6 a license for purposes of operating a business in this state.
- 7 2. "Economic development incentive" means a grant, loan, or
- 8 performance-based incentive awarded by a government entity of
- 9 this state. "Economic development incentive" does not include a
- 10 tax credit or tax incentive program.
- 11 3. "Employ" means hiring or continuing to employ an
- 12 individual to perform services.
- 13 4. "Employee" means an individual who provides services
- 14 or labor for an employer in this state for wages or other
- 15 remuneration. "Employee" does not include an independent
- 16 contractor.
- 17 5. "Employer" means a person, as defined in chapter 4, that
- 18 transacts business in this state, that has a license issued by
- 19 an agency in this state, and that employs one or more employees
- 20 in this state. "Employer" includes this state, a political
- 21 subdivision of this state, and a self-employed individual.
- 22 In the case of an independent contractor, "employer" means
- 23 the independent contractor and does not mean the person or
- 24 organization that uses the contract labor.
- 25 6. "E-verify program" means the employment verification
- 26 program as jointly administered by the United States department
- 27 of homeland security and the United States social security
- 28 administration or any successor program.
- 29 7. "Government entity" means this state or a political
- 30 subdivision of this state that receives and uses tax revenues.
- 31 8. a. "Independent contractor" means a person that carries
- 32 on an independent business, that contracts to do a piece of
- 33 work according to the person's own means and methods and that
- 34 is subject to control only as to results. Whether a person is
- 35 an independent contractor is determined on a case-by-case basis

- 1 through various factors, including whether the person does any
  2 of the following:
- 3 (1) Supplies tools or materials.
- 4 (2) Makes services available to the general public.
- 5 (3) Works or may work for a number of clients at the same 6 time.
- 7 (4) Has an opportunity for profit or loss as a result of 8 labor or service provided.
- 9 (5) Invests in facilities for work.
- 10 (6) Directs the order or sequence in which the work is 11 completed.
- 12 (7) Determines the hours when the work is completed.
- 13 b. Independent contractor status includes an individual who
- 14 performs services and is not an employee pursuant to section
- 15 3508 of the Internal Revenue Code.
- 9. "Knowingly employ an unauthorized alien" means the
- 17 actions described in 8 U.S.C. § 1324a, and shall be interpreted
- 18 consistently with 8 U.S.C. § 1324a and any applicable federal
- 19 regulations.
- 20 10. "License" means a permit, certificate, approval,
- 21 registration, charter, or similar form of authorization, other
- 22 than a professional license, that is required by law and that
- 23 is issued by an agency, allowing the licensee to do business
- 24 in this state.
- 25 11. "Social security number verification service" means
- 26 the program administered by the United States social security
- 27 administration or any successor program.
- 28 12. "Unauthorized alien" means an alien who does not have
- 29 the legal right or authorization under federal law to work in
- 30 the United States as described in 8 U.S.C. § 1324a(h)(3).
- 31 Sec. 2. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. **93.2** Knowingly employing unauthorized
- 32 aliens.
- 33 1. Knowingly employing unauthorized aliens prohibited. An
- 34 employer shall not knowingly employ an unauthorized alien. If
- 35 an employer uses a contract, subcontract, or other independent

- 1 contractor agreement to obtain the labor of an alien in
- 2 this state, and the employer knowingly contracts with an
- 3 unauthorized alien or with a person who employs or contracts
- 4 with an unauthorized alien to perform the labor, the employer
- 5 violates this subsection.
- 6 2. Complaints.
- 7 a. The secretary of state shall prescribe a complaint
- 8 form for a person to allege a violation of subsection 1. The
- 9 complainant shall not be required to list the complainant's
- 10 social security number on the complaint form or to have the
- 11 complaint form notarized. Complaints shall be submitted to the
- 12 county sheriff or a local law enforcement agency in the county
- 13 in which the alleged unauthorized alien is or was employed
- 14 by the employer. This subsection shall not be construed to
- 15 prohibit the filing of anonymous complaints that are not
- 16 submitted on a prescribed complaint form.
- 17 b. On receipt of a complaint on a prescribed complaint
- 18 form which alleges that an employer knowingly employs or
- 19 employed a named individual employee who is an unauthorized
- 20 alien, the county sheriff or local law enforcement agency
- 21 shall investigate whether the employer has violated subsection
- 22 1. On receipt of a complaint on a prescribed complaint
- 23 form which alleges that an employer knowingly employs or
- 24 employed an unauthorized alien, but which does not name a
- 25 specific individual employee, the county sheriff or local law
- 26 enforcement agency may investigate whether the employer has
- 27 violated subsection 1. If a complaint is received but is not
- 28 submitted on a prescribed complaint form or is an anonymous
- 29 complaint, the county sheriff or local law enforcement agency
- 30 may investigate whether the employer has violated subsection 1.
- 31 c. The county sheriff or local law enforcement agency shall
- 32 not investigate complaints that are based solely on race,
- 33 color, or national origin. When investigating a complaint
- 34 alleging that a named individual is an unauthorized alien, the
- 35 county sheriff or local law enforcement agency shall verify the

- 1 work authorization of the alleged unauthorized alien with the
- 2 federal government pursuant to 8 U.S.C. § 1373(c). A state,
- 3 county, or local official shall not attempt to independently
- 4 make a final determination on whether an alien is authorized
- 5 to work in the United States.
- 6 d. A person who knowingly files a false or frivolous
- 7 complaint under this subsection is guilty of a simple
- 8 misdemeanor.
- 9 3. Required notifications. If, after an investigation,
- 10 the county sheriff or local law enforcement agency determines
- 11 that the complaint is not false and not frivolous, the
- 12 county sheriff or local law enforcement agency shall ask the
- 13 appropriate county attorney to bring an action pursuant to
- 14 subsection 4. The county sheriff or local law enforcement
- 15 agency shall also notify United States immigration and customs
- 16 enforcement of the unauthorized alien.
- 17 4. Court action required. An action for a violation of
- 18 subsection 1 shall be brought against the employer by the
- 19 county attorney in the district court of the county where the
- 20 unauthorized alien employee is or was employed by the employer.
- 21 The district court shall expedite the action, including
- 22 assigning a hearing at the earliest practicable date.
- 23 5. Court order first violation. On a finding of a first
- 24 violation as described in subsection 7, the court shall require
- 25 by order all of the following:
- 26 a. The employer shall terminate the employment of all
- 27 unauthorized aliens.
- 28 b. (1) The employer shall be subject to a three-year
- 29 probationary period for the business location where the
- 30 unauthorized alien performed work.
- 31 (2) During the probationary period, the employer shall file
- 32 quarterly reports on the form prescribed in section 252G.3 with
- 33 the county attorney for each new employee who is hired by the
- 34 employer at the business location where the unauthorized alien
- 35 performed work.

- 1 c. The employer shall be required to file a signed sworn
  2 affidavit with the county attorney within three business days
  3 after the order is issued. The affidavit shall state that the
  4 employer has terminated the employment of all unauthorized
  5 aliens in this state and that the employer will not knowingly
  6 employ an unauthorized alien in this state.
- 7 (1) The court shall order the appropriate agencies to 8 suspend all licenses that are held by the employer if the 9 employer fails to file a signed sworn affidavit with the county 10 attorney within three business days after the order is issued. 11 All licenses that are suspended shall remain suspended until 12 the employer files a signed sworn affidavit with the county 13 attorney. Upon filing of the affidavit, the suspended licenses 14 shall be reinstated immediately by the appropriate agencies.
- 15 (2) Licenses that are subject to suspension under this
  16 paragraph "c" are all licenses that are held by the employer
  17 specific to the business location where the unauthorized alien
  18 performed work. If the employer does not hold a license
  19 specific to the business location where the unauthorized alien
  20 performed work, but a license is necessary to operate the
  21 employer's business in general, the licenses that are subject
  22 to suspension under this paragraph "c" are all licenses that
  23 are held by the employer at the employer's primary place of
  24 business. On receipt of the court's order, the appropriate
  25 agencies shall suspend the licenses according to the court's
  26 order. The court shall send a copy of the court's order to the
  27 secretary of state and the secretary of state shall maintain
  28 the copy pursuant to subsection 8.
- 29 (3) The court may order the appropriate agencies to suspend 30 all licenses described in this paragraph "c" that are held by 31 the employer for not more than ten business days. The court 32 shall base its decision to suspend under this subparagraph 33 on any evidence or information submitted to it during the 34 action for a violation of subsection 1 and shall consider the 35 following factors, if relevant:

- 1 (a) The number of unauthorized aliens employed by the 2 employer.
- 3 (b) Any prior misconduct by the employer.
- 4 (c) The degree of harm resulting from the violation.
- 5 (d) Whether the employer made good faith efforts to comply 6 with any applicable requirements.
- 7 (e) The duration of the violation.
- 8 (f) The role of the directors, officers, or principals of 9 the employer in the violation.
- 10 (g) Any other factors the court deems appropriate.
- 11 6. Court order second violation. For a second violation,
- 12 as described in subsection 7, the court shall order the
- 13 appropriate agencies to permanently revoke all licenses that
- 14 are held by the employer specific to the business location
- 15 where the unauthorized alien performed work. If the employer
- 16 does not hold a license specific to the business location
- 17 where the unauthorized alien performed work, but a license
- 18 is necessary to operate the employer's business in general,
- 19 the court shall order the appropriate agencies to permanently
- 20 revoke all licenses that are held by the employer at the
- 21 employer's primary place of business. On receipt of the order,
- 22 the appropriate agencies shall immediately revoke the licenses.
- 23 7. Violations defined.
- 24 a. A violation shall be considered a first violation by
- 25 an employer at a business location if the violation did not
- 26 occur during a probationary period ordered by the court under
- 27 subsection 5, paragraph b'', for that employer's business
- 28 location.
- 29 b. A violation shall be considered a second violation by
- 30 an employer at a business location if the violation occurred
- 31 during a probationary period ordered by the court under
- 32 subsection 5, paragraph "b", for that employer's business
- 33 location.
- 34 8. Secretary of state database. The secretary of state
- 35 shallmaintain copies of court orders that are received pursuant

- 1 to subsection 5, paragraph c, and shall maintain a database of
- 2 the employers and business locations found to have committed
- 3 a first violation of subsection 1 and make the court orders
- 4 available on the secretary of state's internet site.
- 5 9. Federal determination governs. In determining whether
- 6 an employee is an unauthorized alien, the court shall consider
- 7 only the federal government's determination pursuant to 8
- 8 U.S.C. § 1373(c). The federal government's determination
- 9 creates a rebuttable presumption of the employee's lawful
- 10 status. The court may take judicial notice of the federal
- 11 government's determination and may request the federal
- 12 government to provide automated or testimonial verification
- 13 pursuant to 8 U.S.C. § 1373(c).
- 14 10. Good-faith compliance. For the purposes of this
- 15 section, an employer that establishes that it has complied
- 16 in good faith with the requirements of 8 U.S.C. § 1324a(b)
- 17 establishes a conclusive affirmative defense that the employer
- 18 did not knowingly employ an unauthorized alien. An employer is
- 19 considered to have complied with the requirements of 8 U.S.C. §
- 20 1324a(b), notwithstanding an isolated, sporadic, or accidental
- 21 technical or procedural failure to meet the requirements, if
- 22 there is a good-faith attempt to comply with the requirements.
- 23 11. Entrapment as affirmative defense.
- 24 a. It is an affirmative defense to a violation of subsection
- 25 1 that the employer was entrapped. To claim entrapment, the
- 26 employer must admit by the employer's testimony or other
- 27 evidence the substantial elements of the violation. An
- 28 employer who asserts an entrapment defense has the burden
- 29 of proving all of the following by a preponderance of the
- 30 evidence:
- 31 (1) The idea of committing the violation started with law
- 32 enforcement officers or their agents rather than with the
- 33 employer.
- 34 (2) The law enforcement officers or their agents urged and
- 35 induced the employer to commit the violation.

- 1 (3) The employer was not predisposed to commit the violation 2 before the law enforcement officers or their agents urged and 3 induced the employer to commit the violation.
- 4 b. An employer does not establish entrapment if the employer 5 was predisposed to violate subsection 1 and the law enforcement
- 6 officers or their agents merely provided the employer with an
- 7 opportunity to commit the violation. It is not entrapment for
- 8 law enforcement officers or their agents merely to use a ruse
- 9 or to conceal their identity. The conduct of law enforcement
- 10 officers and their agents may be considered in determining if
- 11 an employer has proven entrapment.
- 12 Sec. 3. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. **93.3 E-verify program** employer 13 participation.
- 14 l. An employer, after hiring an employee, shall verify the
- 15 employment eligibility of the employee through the e-verify
- 16 program and shall keep a record of the verification for the
- 17 duration of the employee's employment or at least three years,
- 18 whichever is longer.
- 19 2. In addition to any other requirement for an employer to
- 20 receive an economic development incentive from a government
- 21 entity, the employer shall register with and participate
- 22 in the e-verify program. Before receiving the economic
- 23 development incentive, the employer shall provide proof to the
- 24 government entity that the employer is registered with and
- 25 is participating in the e-verify program. If the government
- 26 entity determines that the employer is not complying with this
- 27 subsection, the government entity shall notify the employer
- 28 by certified mail of the government entity's determination
- 29 of noncompliance and the employer's right to appeal the
- 30 determination. On a final determination of noncompliance,
- 31 the employer shall repay all moneys received as an economic
- 32 development incentive to the government entity within thirty
- 33 days of the final determination.
- 3. Every three months, the secretary of state shall request
- 35 from the United States department of homeland security a

- 1 list of employers from this state that are registered with
- 2 the e-verify program. On receipt of the list of employers,
- 3 the secretary of state shall make the list available on the
- 4 secretary of state's internet site.
- 5 Sec. 4. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. **93.4 Compliance with federal and state** 6 law.
- 7 This chapter shall not be construed to require an employer to
- 8 take any action that the employer believes in good faith would
- 9 violate federal or state law.
- 10 Sec. 5. IMPLEMENTATION OF ACT. Section 25B.2, subsection
- 11 3, shall not apply to this Act.
- 12 EXPLANATION
- 13 This bill prohibits employers from knowingly employing
- 14 unauthorized aliens. The bill directs the secretary of
- 15 state to prescribe a complaint form for alleged violations of
- 16 the prohibition. The bill provides that complaints may be
- 17 submitted to the county sheriff or local law enforcement agency
- 18 in the county in which the alleged unauthorized alien is or was
- 19 employed by the employer. The bill directs the county sheriff
- 20 or local law enforcement agency to investigate complaints they
- 21 receive, and to verify the work authorization of an alleged
- 22 unauthorized alien with the federal government. The bill
- 23 provides that the investigation is discretionary for complaints
- 24 which do not name specific employees, anonymous complaints,
- 25 and complaints not submitted on a prescribed complaint form.
- 26 The bill prohibits the county sheriff or local law enforcement
- 27 agency from investigating complaints that are based solely
- 28 on race, color, or national origin. The bill provides that
- 29 a person who knowingly files a false or frivolous complaint
- 30 is guilty of a simple misdemeanor, which is punishable by
- 31 confinement for no more than 30 days or a fine of at least \$65
- 32 but not more than \$625 or by both.
- 33 The bill requires the county sheriff or local law
- 34 enforcement agency to notify United States immigration and
- 35 customs enforcement and the county attorney of a complaint

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1 that is not false and not frivolous. The bill requires the
 2 county attorney to bring an action in district court against an
 3 employer for a violation in the county where the unauthorized
 4 alien employee is or was employed by the employer.
 5 provides that such an action must be expedited by the court.
      The bill provides that for a first violation, the court
 7 must order the employer to terminate the employment of all
 8 unauthorized aliens and to submit a signed sworn affidavit
 9 to that effect or face suspension of business licenses by
10 appropriate agencies. The court will also order a three-year
11 probationary period for the employer. The court may also
12 order the suspension of the employer's business licenses
13 by appropriate agencies for up to 10 business days, after
14 considering certain factors. The bill provides that for a
15 second violation, defined as a violation occurring during a
16 probationary period for a previous violation, the court must
17 order the permanent revocation of the employer's business
18 licenses.
              The bill directs the secretary of state to maintain
19 an online database of first-time offenders.
20
      The bill provides that the district court can only consider
21 a determination by the federal government in determining the
22 immigration status of an alleged unauthorized alien employed
23 by an employer. The bill provides that an employer who
24 establishes that the employer complied in good faith with 8
25 U.S.C. § 1324a(b) establishes a conclusive affirmative defense
26 that the employer did not knowingly employ an unauthorized
27 alien. The bill provides that an employer is considered to
28 have complied with the requirements of 8 U.S.C. § 1324a(b),
29 notwithstanding an isolated, sporadic, or accidental technical
30 or procedural failure to meet the requirements, if there is a
31 good-faith attempt to comply with the requirements. The bill
32 provides an employer with an affirmative defense of entrapment
33 if certain elements are met.
34
      The bill requires an employer hiring a new employee to
35 verify the employee's employment eligibility through the
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1 federal e-verify program. The bill requires the employer 2 to keep records of the verification for the duration of the 3 employee's employment or three years, whichever is longer. 4 bill requires an employer receiving an economic development 5 incentive from a state government entity to register with the 6 federal e-verify program. The bill provides that an employer 7 who does not comply with the requirement must repay all moneys 8 received for the economic development incentive. 9 provides an employer the right to appeal a determination of 10 noncompliance, and does not require repayment until a final 11 determination of noncompliance is made. The bill directs the 12 secretary of state to request from the United States department 13 of homeland security a list of employers registered with the 14 e-verify program every three months. The bill directs the 15 secretary of state to make the list available on the secretary 16 of state's internet site. The bill provides that the bill shall not be construed 17 18 to require an employer to take any action that the employer 19 believes in good faith would violate federal or state law. 20 The bill may include a state mandate as defined in Code 21 section 25B.3. The bill makes inapplicable Code section 25B.2, 22 subsection 3, which would relieve a political subdivision from 23 complying with a state mandate if funding for the cost of 24 the state mandate is not provided or specified. Therefore, 25 political subdivisions are required to comply with any state 26 mandate included in the bill.